SOUTHERN BANQUET.

A Notable Gathering of Dixie Society in New York,

A GAY AND DAZZLING SCENE.

Senator Cordon. of Virginia, and Hugh C. Wallace Speakers.

HUDGE PRYOR FOR THE SOCIETY

The Elequent and Patriotle Address of Thomas F. Bayard-His Grand Tribate to the South Greeted with Cheers,

Special telegram to the Dispatch. Year, February 21.-The fifth anthe boxes of scores of pretty kand women, who applauded the evening with as much

have accompanied her, le to be present. Captain wn in Richmond, were amone participants. The principal he evening were James L. Virginia, and Hugh Campbell

ke to the toast "The South-Pacific Slope," and he called ultuous applause.

et success the Southever had. There was ne or two faces were head table-the one of maly fine. The Presilaced on the front part

s and above in ladies, and among se of New York's fairest

n R. Breckinridge, J. F. Daly, J. Ed-Gordon, Thomas

d A. J. Dwyer.

ses. Their pres-Mrs. Charles Steele, ple, Mrs. J. T. Atter-ackett, of Baltimore; ir. and Mrs. Frank

Dew, Miss Lentillhorn, BACK TO DINIE.

OL GORDON'S SPRECE.

republic because she beor devise a government e catholic than this the and because the develop-urees will add infinitely ty of the country. She itude of ready frie dship the country. The South. of the country. The South, o malice. Time had shroud-sines of discord.

WALLACE'S REMARKS. therner on the Pacific Slope" bret of Hop, Fugh C. Wallace's lathe far West, he said, he had sautherners, and between the he South there was a sentiment ay of fraternity. The body of

as a living, vital, and efficient are comes from Tanoma, Wash. Upon the Suwanee River's

were sing. cast was "Our Society," which ded to by Judge Roger A.

final selection of music was "My try, Tie of Thee,"

MIL HAVARD'S ADDRESS. MR. EAVARD'S ADDRESS.

This F. Bayard was called upon for
promptu speech, and he made one
most eloquent addresses of the
g. "I was a friend of the South,"
"when the South had not so many
as it now has. When I went into
"atwenty-two years ago I went unit. I was concerned, as I desired
to a perfectly congenial occupation,
went with the one object in view of
the South back to her just place
throw. It was not for southern

history and the history of their

blessed be the man that shall lift sloft the cause of constitutional liberty above the strife of parties or sections. Therefore, when passion had wrought its work, when desolation had prevailed over a large section of my country. I looked for that which would restore health and union to all parts.

"Where was it to be found? Where is it to be found? Where shall it be found except in the hearts and consciences of the men of the United States, and therefore when they said to me, how will you deal with the men of the South, I said: Trust them. Call them to power. Put upon their conscience great responsibilities to their country, and they will not fail you. (Applianse and cheers.) It was with that simple thought that I left my home and went into the public counsels, and I was true to it as long as I remained there.

"There was no personal objection; no personal ambition. I had no favors to ask then, nor do I ask them now. I wanted to make the man of the South the bulwark of the Union in which I was born and under which, please God, I shall die. There is no post, political, military, naval, or social, in which we may not trust southern men as quick as men from the North. They can A GRAND PERCHATION. quick as men from the North. They can sl telegram to the Dispatch.

Experiment of the Southern Society at Society a

A MISNOMER.
"I was pained to-night to hear somebody I was pained to high to hear somehous refer to this as their adopted home. That is a misnomer. This is your own home, my brethren. There is not a man before me who was not a citizen of the United States at the earliest moment he was a citizen of any State in the Union."

Mr. Bayard was given three hearty cheers, which were repeated several times. Clifton R. Breckinridge followed with an impromptu speech, which was also enthusiastically received.

THE FAST-MAIL SERVICE. A Republican Attempt to Stab the South-Waddill's Good Work.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.] Washington, D. C., February 21.—A secous blow was aimed at the fast-mail series from Washington to the South via e from Washington to the South via chmond and Wilmington by an attempt ken to the fact that the west, and the Pacific Slope of to civilization mainly by of Virginians. He cited the Pinckneys, the Gwinotts, Virginia blood who had on of the Mississippi, and that Freemont the patheouthern birth. His speech of the tumultuous applause.

Kichmond and Wilmington by an attempt that was made in the House this evening to strike from the post-office bill the item making the annual appropriation for this service. Congressman Waddill was present, however, and through his efforts the item was allowed to stand just as reported from the committee. Being familiar with the facts he saw at a glance that many of the northern Republic cans were bent on stabbing the South. There was a slender attendance owing to the fact that the bosses in the Republican party had planned a scheme to have a re-cess instead of an adjournment, so as to prevent any question Monday on the ap-proval of the Journal. The Democratic part of the House had nearly all left the Capitol, and not more than 110 members, all told, were present, mostly Republicans, the House at the time being in Committee of the Whole on the post-office bill.

Grosvenor and other Republicans wanted to knock out the paragraph, claiming that the wording of theitem meant subsidies to southern railroads. Judge Waddill worked nary among the members and by the shim majority of two the paragraph was saved. It appropriates \$229,000 for the mail service, a large portion of which goes to the southern roads, and had the amendment carried the mail service would have been badly crippled in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and the South generally. SMALLER ESTIMATES.

The Postmaster-General sent in smalle stimates by about one hundred thousan ton. Columbia and Augusta, \$20,075; Northeastern, \$17,337; Charleston and Savannah, \$19,710; Savannah, Florida and West-Coe, ex-Judge G. ern. \$31,309; Jacksonville, lamps and language G. West, \$22,867, and South Florida, \$21,095. STANDS.

The bill was concluded in Committee of the Whole and reported to the full House. The southern roads named were amply defended and the paragraph stands, thus assuring the usual appropriations for the Atlantic-Coast Line and certain connections, but it was by a close shave. These roads have to be well paid in order to make it profitable to carry the fast mail, and had the enemies of the South carried their point the service would have been badly carryled for the next fiscal year. crippled for the next fiscal year.

LIVE WASHINGTON TOPICS.

had been served Radical Changes in the Sundry Civil Appropriation-World's Fair Reduced.

on: Mrs. H.
Inholm, Mrs.
In the defector of deputy, approved
Ses Imma.
E. Thomas,
Aries Steele,
J. T. Atter
Baltimore:
Mrs. Frank
Robertson,
I Mrs. Percy
In, of PhilaMrs. S. D.
Lentillborn,
Wayne WilMiss H. F.
Iterson.
E.
Inquet "Ize
Inquet "

A new provision is inserted, as follows:
"And the several sums herein appropriated for the World's Exposition shall be
deemed a part of of the sum of \$1,500,000,
the limit of the liability of the United
States on account thereof, fixed by the act
of April 25, 1830."
Most of the Ohio Republicans in Congress express themselves as highly pleased
with the nomination of Governor Foster
to be Secretary of the Treasury.

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of April 25, 1830."

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with the nomination of Governor Foster
to be Secretary of the Treasury.

IN PERPECT ACCORD.

It is said at the White House that the President and Governor Foster are in perfect accord on the question of finance, and that there is no probability of any change in the financial policy of the Treasury Department.

partment.

Martin A. Knapp, who succeeds Mr. Schoomaker as a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission, is a prominent lawyer of Syracuse, N. Y., and recently came within a few votes of securing the Republican nomination for Supreme Judge of the Syracuse district. He is a very popular man and was endorsed by both the Hiscock and Belden factions of Syracuse.

DISSOLVE THE SUGAR TRUSTS. Judge Cullen Grants Five Orders to Show Cause-The Petitioners' Claim.

By telegraph to the Dispatch.

New York, February 21.—Judge Cullen, of the Kings County Supreme Court, to-day granted five orders to show cause on the 16th of May why the corporations in this State forming the Sugar Trust should not be dissolved. The petitions in each case state that the company has, by the action of the directors and assent of stockholders, ceased to do business and is not earning dividends and that as preliminary to its dissolution all its stock has been sold with the consent of the stockholders, and that the capital stock has been invested in mortgage bonds of the American Sugar Refining Company.

The Week's Specie Exports. By telegraph to the Dispatch.

The Week's Specie Exports.

The Week's Specie Experts.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

New York, February 21.—The exports of specie from the port of New York last week amounted to \$1,059,350, of which \$792,006 was in gold and \$287,314 in silver. Of the total exports \$603,000 in gold and \$180,200 in silver went to Europe, and \$184,006 in gold and \$87,114 in silver to South America. The imports of specie amounted to e imports of specie amounted to 89,537 in silver.

Indian Insurgents Disposed Of.

[By Angie-American capte to the Dispatch.]

[Calcurra, February 21.—Dispatches received here from Hangoon state that fifty insurgents have been killed in a fight-insurgents have been killed in a fight-insurgents of which took place on the frontier of wantho. Indian Insurgents Disposed Of.

LIGHTS OUT FINALLY.

GENERAL SHERMAN'S REMAINS IN-TERRED AT ST. LOUIS.

A Great Demonstration, Military and Civic-Ex-Confederates in Gray in the Funeral Procession.

Sr. Louis, February 21.-The last taps have been sounded, the buglers have trumpeted forth their final farewell, and William Tecumseh Sherman sleeps with his kindred. Only the fresh-turned earth on a mound in Calvary cemetery, just where the Walk of the Holy Rosary and the Way of Bethany come together, tell the story that the last of that great triumvirate of American generals whose fame is as imperishable as the nation itself has been laid to rest between the devoted help-mate who, until called away, smoothed and comforted his declining years, and lit-tle Willie, his idolized soldier boy. The pageant, the final service, the grave, all were in harmony with the man; the one imposing, as was his career; the second aimple to severity, as was his life and habits; the third with nothing but a fringe of shrubbery to separate it from those of the compages and vales are with whose of imposing, as was his career; the second simple to severity, as was his life and habits; the third with nothing but afring of shrubbery to separate it from those of the comrades and veterans with whom old Tecumseh loved to mingle.

The onsequies structly military.

General Sherman's desire that his obsequies should be of a military character cached Calvary.

General Sherman's desire that his obsequies should be of a military character was obeyed to the most extreme particular. But at the same time it was found impossible to draw a line that would prohibit the great mass of the people of the city in which he had spent so many years of his life and who at one time regarded him as particularly their own from paying a last tribute of respect to his memory. So the two civic divisions were added to the procession and formed not the least impressive feature of the event.

PUBLIC RESPECT FOR THE DEAD. In the business centre of the city there were no outward manifestations of mourning beyond the flags at half-mast and an occasional picture of the dead man with its border of crape in a store window, but out in the residence district, which was traversed by the procession, there was barely a residence that did not exhibit some taken of servey and respect. It was some token of sorrow and respect. It was noticeable, too, as the crowds began to gather in the early morning that both men and women had by common consent dis-carded light articles of apparel, and that clothing, neckties, and bonnets were of a sombre hue. A very large proportion of both men and women wore a memorial badge of white silk with a picture of the dead General fastened to their breasts by an American eagle festooned in crape. THE FUNERAL TRAIN'S ARRIVAL.

It was within a few minutes of 8:30 o'clock when the firing of a gun by Battery A of the St. Louis Artillery, which was stationed to the east of the depot, announced that the funeral train was on the to nonneed that the funeral train was on the other side of the bridge. Even at this early hour there was an immense crowd outside of the depot. The train was brought over the bridge to the Union depot by two Vandalia locomotives draped in mourning and was shifted to a special track. Meanwhife a seventeen-gun salute was fired by the battery at ten-second intervals. When the train had come to a stand-still it was boarded by a deputation of old comrades of Ransom Post, Grand Army of the Republic, under the command of Commander H. L. Ripley, which, after relieving the guard, received the remains and mounted guard. Meanwhile the arms of the same of the National Board of Control. The gauntlet was thrown down by the American Association when that organization belted the national agreement. The challenge was taken up and at the meting of the Board of Control this afternoon the following was given out as there sall the same of the National Board of Control this afternoon the following was given out as the same of the Mational Board of Control this afternoon the following was given out as the same of the Mational Board of Control this afternoon the following was given out as the same of the Board of Control this afternoon the following was given out as the same of the Mational Board of Control this afternoon the following was given out as the same of the Mational Board of Control this afternoon the following was given out as the same of the Mational Board for Control the Same of the Mational Board for t of Commander II. It happey, which, after relieving the guard, received the remains and mounted guard. Meanwhile the occu-pants of the cars were waited upon by a committee of citizens, twenty-five in num-ber, who extended the freedom of the city and expressed a desire to do anything that would contribute to their comfort and convenience.

Ex-Governor E. O. Stannard, James A. Yeatman, and Henry Hitchcock were especially assigned to the family of the deceased, but none of the mourners could be prevailed upon to leave the place, preferring to breakfast in the dining-car and formula of the mourners of which the assignment of truth and contract. The results of truth and contract of truth and contract of truth and contract. to remain on the train until the time set

THE COFFIN TAKEN FROM THE TRAIN. A few minutes before 11 o'clock the cais-son—one that had been specially brought from Fort Leavenworth—drawn by four ack horses, was drawn up in front its feet with the Union jack that parade, while the relatives and other mem-bers of the funeral party were assisted to carriages, which followed the caisson. carriages, which followed the caiseon.
Having assured himself that the divisions were in such shape that no delays would occur General Merritt gave the signal.
There was a double salute of artillery, and at 11:15 the head of the column began to move westward on Pine street.

THE FUNERAL PROCESSION. Chief-of-Police Harrigan with a body of policemen led the way. Then came Briga-dier-General Merritt (chief marshal) and staff, followed by Brevet-Brigadier-Gene-ral Forsythe, in command of the military Washington, February 21.—Some radical changes were made by the Senate Committee on Appropriations in the sundry-civit appropriation bill. Among the new items is one for a public building at Columbus, Ga. \$100,000.

The House provision intended to prevent the institution of revenue prosecutions for the sake of fees has been stricken out, and in its place is inserted a requirement that no such prosecutions shall be brought exept upon the sworn application of a rovenue collector or deputy, approved by a United States circuit judge,

Radical class.

On either side of the caisson, as well as before and behind, forming a complete square, marched twenty-four members of the Ransom Grand Army Post, the organization which, some time before his death, the General had requested should perform this duty. The veterans were in their uniform of blue, but there were ten of their number, five on either side of the casket, that attracted noticeable attention. Each wore on his breast a handsome purple badge with a photograph of the dead soldier and this inscription: "Survivors First

badge with a photograph of the dead soldier and this inscription: "Survivors First Battalion, Thirteenth Regiment, U. S. Infantry. Our First Colonel and True Friend." Only the solemn nature of the occasion served to restrain the spectators from venting their enthusiasm on this contingent, all of them white-haired and some feeble and weak, for they were nearly all who survive of Sherman's old regiment. THE PALL-BEARERS.

THE PALL-BEAREES.

The caisson was followed by a number of local clergy of all denominations in carriages, and after them came the pall-bearers that had accompanied the remains from New York, and the honorary pall-bearers selected in this city.

These were: Military—Major-General John Pope, General Amos Beckwith, Major-General A. H. Smith, Major-General John W. Turner, Breyet Major-General Willard Warner, Brigadier-General John W. Barringer, and Commander Charles S. Cotton, United States navy. Citizens—Judge Samuel Treat, Colonel George E. Leighton, Colonel Charles Parsons, Byron Sherman, Daniel R. Garrison, Isane Sturgeon, Thomas E. Tutt, and R. P. Tansey. Daniel R. Garrison, Isane Stu E. Tutt, and R. P. Tansey.

THE GENERAL'S OLD STAFF. Close behind these were the surviving members of the personal staff of the late General—Colonel W. L. Jenney, Colonel L. Dayton, Colonel H. Hitchcock, Colonel J. L. Bacou, and Colonels Julius Pottsman and Tourtelotte, as well as the survivors of the Western Sanitary Commission—Charles S. Greeley, Dr. J. B. Johnson, and Lawes E. Yeatman.

and Tourtelotte, as well as the survivors of the Western Sanitary Commission—Charles S. Greeley, Dr. J. B. Johnson, and James E. Yeatman.

THE FAMILT.

Then in carriages followed the family and the New York party, while the army committee—Generals Schofield, Miles, Slocum, Andrews, Howard, and Randolph, Lieutenant Kinsbury, Captain Andrews and Captain Barrett—brought up the rear. There were 1,000 troops in this division with the bands and 230 cavalry horses.

THE NUMBER OF SPECTATORS GEEAT.

The weather was dry and clear, enabling the approach of the corlege to be seen a long distance ahead on the long, wide avenue traversed. Sidewalks, windows, and roofs were filled with spectators. Profound silence prevailed as the caisson passed the second division, which was composed of commanderies of the Scenties of the Army of the Tennessee and the Loyal Legion headed by ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes, as commander-inchief, and staff. A delegation of one hundred members of the Army of the Tennessee brought up the rear of the division. The companies for the most part appeared in uniform with white glaves, the insignm of the order, without rosectives, and a band of order, without rosetive, and an band of order enercing the left arm.

The Illinois contingent of the Grand Army, headed by Department-Commander Destin and staff, had the right of the line in the third division, which was composed of Grand-Army posts and sons of veterans, over 5,000 men being in line.

Missour's Contingent.

The tourth division was in two sections.

Met alkelength had been defined by Gov.

MISSOURI'S CONTINGENT. The tourth division was in two sections The fourth division was in two sections. The first section was commanded by Governor Francis and was made up of State troops of Missouri and Ohio and regulars, numbering about 5,000. The second half was led by Chief-Justice Thomas H. Sherwood and his associates of the State Su.

preme Court, the judiciary of the United States and minor courts, all in carriages; Lieutenant-Governor Clayton, heading the State Sonate: Speaker Tuttle, heading the House of Representatives and the State

House of Representatives, and the Sta officials closed the division. The fifth division was strong in numbers and representative in character. It was commanded by Major Charles C. Rainwater and consisted of civic societies, mercantile, historical, and quass imittary organizations. Two hundred members of the ex-Confederate Association of Missouri, wearing mourning badges and crape armlets, marched behind the chief of staff. They were their old Confederate uniforms and attracted general attention. In the sixth and last division were the city officials, headed by Mayor Noonan, City Comptroller General John D. Sterner EL-CONFEDERATES IN LINE. city officials, headed by Mayor Noonan.
City Comptroller General John D. Stephenson, who was a corps commander question of prosecuting Prince Bismarck two authentic neterances on the attitude of Emperor William towards the Prince have been permitted to transpire. Speak-pairs, Exchange, and cityens in carchanies' Exchange, and citizens in car-

A NOTABLE DEMONSTRATION. And so the cortige slowly wended its way to Calvary. With perhaps the possible ex-ception of the demonstration that accom-panied the interment of the remains of U. S. Grant it was the most notable tribute to the memory of an American that this country has ever witnessed.

reached Calvary.

The entrance to the cemetery was by the The entrance to the cemetery was by the rear gate. The larger part of the military remained outside of the cemetery. The services at the grave were of a military character, the only exception being the reading of a few passages of Scripture and the making of a prayer by the Rev. Thomas Ewing Sherman, son of the deceased General.

BASE-BALL.

A Unanimous Decision to Stand by the National League.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.) CHICAGO, February 21.—L. C. Krauthoff, of Kansas City, president of the Western Base-Ball Association, is here to attend to-day's meeting of the Boardof Control. He has taken a vote of his league by telegraph on the action of the American Association in withdrawing from the National agreement. The result was unanimously in ment. The result was unanimously in favor of standing by the league and the National agreement.

A BASE-BALL RUPTURE.

The American Association Debarred from All Privileges-Members' Contracts.

[By telegarph to the Dispatch.] CHICAGO, February 21.—War to the knifes the ultimatum of the National Board of

the slightest justification for so unwise a sequences of this ill-advised action must rest on that body. By its own action it has annulled the approval of the contracts its clubs have made with players, and its clubs have released all their players from

Those players are now free to sign with any National League, Western Association, or other national agreement club. The players under reserve by these last-named clubs remain subject to their contracts, and to reservation, and to all the provisions of the national agreement. Nor can sions of the national agreement. any national agreement club play a game any national agreem Association club, nor with a club which has played with such with a club which has played with such A. W. Thurman, association club. A. W. Incuman Association Chairman National Board. N. E. Young, Secretary.

A GOVERNOR BURNED IN EFFIGY. The Pocket Nerve of Certain Alabamian

Touched by a Veto. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Brimingham, Ala., February 21.—At
Athens, Ala., on Thursday night a crowd
of indignant citizens first hung and then
burned Governor Jones in effigy. One of
the State agricultural experiment stations
is located at Athens and the Legislature
passed a bill dividing the Agricultural
College fund appropriated by Congress
among the several stations in the State.
Governor Jones vetoed the bill on the
ground that the fund was in the nature of
a trust already accepted by the State for a trust already accepted by the State for the benefit of the Agricultural and Me-chanical College at Auburn, and could not be diverted from that institution. Athens's share under the vetoed bill was \$2,000 per

A BIG DEMOCRATIC VICTORY.

Page Elected by 5,600 Majority-A Falling Off of 7,700 Republican Votes.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

PROVIDENCE, R. I., February 21.—The election of congressmen in the Second district to-day was a very flat and tame affair, owing to the declination of Congressman Arnold to run and the general abstinence of the Republicans from voting. The Democratic ticket has two thirds to three fourths of the registered vote, but the Republican vote shows a falling off of nearly 7,700 as compared with the November election with one town only lacking. Page (Democrat) is elected by about 5,600 majority, and the missing town will not change the result more than a couple of hundred votes. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

The Ohio High and Getting Higher. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] CINCINNATI, O., February 21.—The river at Cincinnati has risen six feet four inches since 6 o'clock. At 10 A. M. the Ohio river was fifty feet nine inches and rising at the rate of three inches an hour.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, February 21.—The iver at 2 o'clock to-night was 52 feet 6 riches and rising two inches an hour.

here at a clock to-night was 52 feet 6 inches and rising two inches an hour. News from up the river indicates 58 feet by Monday or Tuesday. All river navigation is suspended. Hanged and Riddled with Bullets. Hanged and Riddled with Bullets.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Savannan, Ga., February 21.—Two negroes who murderously assaulted Store-keeper Jordan at Frayser's Croasing last night were taken from their guards six miles from Brunswick at 9:30 o'clock to-night by a crowd 300 strong and hanged to a tree and riddled with bullets. The prisoners were being taken to jail at Brunswick after having been taken before Jordan for identification. Jordan was not killed outright as reported last night, but will die.

Atlanta Constitution. Too much humidity this winter has been

We take pleasure in calling the attention of the citizens of Richmond that we have accepted the General Management of the Brooklyn Life-Insurance Company for this State. (Company organized 1864.) Has always been known as a "policy-holders company." All popular plans.

BOWMAN, BOSWELL & SHUMAN, 1201 Main street.

Progress of Chile's Revolution.

BURNOS ATMES, February 21.—A dispatch received here from Valparatiso says a Government steamer has arrived there from Arica, a maritime town in the Province of Tarapaca. where she landed troops. The steamer reports being pursued by the rebel ships Huascar and Esmeralda, and having

THE NEWSOF EUROPE

FROM THE POINT OF VIEW OF THE GERMAN CAPITAL

Bismarck and His Bold Young Monarch-Germany's Farmers' Alliance-A New Remedy for Tuberculosis.

(Copyrighted, 1891, by the New York Associated BERLIN, February 21 .- Since the North

German Gazette gave an authorized but doubtful denial of the report that the two authentic utterances on the attitude of Emperor William towards the Prince have been permitted to transpire. Speaking to the Austrian Ambassador the Kaiser said: "The Duke of Lauenburg have been permitted to transpire. Speaking to the Austrian Ambassador the Kaiser said: "The Duke of Lauenburg have been permitted to transpire. Speaking to the Austrian Ambassador the mear Tokar and, after an exchange of shots Kaiser said: "The Duke of Lauenburg (as he styles the ex-Chancellor) will not understand or yield himself to the projects which are a necessity of my reign. But it has never been intended that the empire's tribunal should interfere to prevent him tribunal should interfere to prevent him from saying or writing whatever he likes so long as he does not violate the law." It is understood that the Kaiser's words were in answer to informal inquiries made by the Emperor Francis Joseph in regard to the reports that the German Government meant to take action against Bismarck. Chancellor von Caprivi conversing with a member of the Reichstag, who is a contributor to the press, said: "The Government has not the remotest intention of prosecuting either motest intention of prosecuting either Prince Bismarck or his newspaper organs. If the latter keep within legal bounds we Prince Bismarck or his newspaper organs
If the latter keep within legal bounds we
can meet their criticisms through other
papers. As for the Prince, his personality,
associated as it is with the creation of the
edifice of the empire, places him above
measures that might be taken toward less
illustrious men." illustrious men. THE EITTERNESS AT FRIERICHSRUHE NOT AS-

The position of Emperor William and Chancellor von Caprivi is perfectly well known at Friedrichsruhe, and does not assuage the bitterness of tone of the ex-Chancellor's papers. Regarding the North German Gazette's statement that Bismarck would not be prosecuted an inspired comment in the Hamburger Nachrichten insinuates that the semi-official press, if not now incited, was recently induced to urge a public prosecution and arraignment of the Prince of less majesty. "The only right attitude for the Prince," continues the article, "is an aristocratic reserve against the attacks of his enemies. The sole question for him is whether to maintain the opinions that caused his resignation or to surrender them in order to segain the good-will of the Kaiser. He can leave Germany's future to justify his foresight."

The Hamburger Nachrichlen's phrase "aristocratic reserve" sent a comforting glow

cratic reserve" sent a comforting glow through official minds, raising hopes that through official minds, raising hopes that Bismarck has decided to cease troubling the Government. It is known that mem-bers of his family have been trying to per-suade him to abandon his incessant war of

TRYING TO CONCILIATE THE OLD GENTLEMAN. On the eve of starting on his tour of the East Count Herbert Bismarck met his brother William and his brother-in-law, Count Rantzau, at Erfurt, and a family council was held. After a conference lasting four hours Count Herbert was charged with the task of remonstrating with his public results of the interference the Count are intensified attacks the Count are intensified attacks by Bismark's organs upon the Empe-ror's home and foreign policies. Mean-time Emperor William has raised the country's estimation of himself by the character of the thinly-veiled allusions to Prince Bismarek's enmity in a speech at the Bradenburg Diet dinner. Referring to the hostile criticisms of his policy the Em-peror said: "The spirit of disobedience is abread pursuing paths foreign to my abroad, pursuing paths foreign to my principles, and under a perfectly trans-parent guise trying to spread discontent among my subjects. This may be a sub-ject of regret—indeed, it makes my heart

purst of cheers. THE EX-EMPRESS'S VISIT TO PARIS The Empress Frederick writes that she is highly pleased with her reception in Paris. Dispatches from the German Em-Paris. Dispatches from the German Embassy reach the Emperor every moment. In court circles not the slightest credence is given to the rumor that Emperor William intends to visit France. The semiofficial press treats the visit of the Empress Frederick as purely private, but chronicles every act of courtesy toward her on the part of the Franch authorities.

The Vosniche Zeitung hails with acclamation the event of the ex-Empress's visit as the dawn of a prolonged era of peace, and

Germany's hand in friendship and throw off the "haunting spirit of revenge."

The only Austrian comment worth recording occurs in the Fremdenblatt, in which a rapprochement of the two nations through mutual interests and the arts and sciences leading to a gradual reconciliation is now recognized to be possible.

"If," says the Fremdenblatt, "the issue be successful it will be due wholly to the splendid ambition of an extraordinary monarch, who, though identified with the German army, aims to consolidate European peace."

THE GERMAN FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

The Government projects which menace protected interests, agricultural and in The Government projects which menace protected interests, agricultural and industral, are arousing keener opposition. The German Farmers' Alliance recently adopted resolutions declaring that the maintenance of the corn laws was necessary to the prosperity of the pensantry. Count von Moltke telegraphed to'a meeting of the Alliance that he himself was a farmer and that they might rely upon his active co-operation. Prince Bismarck has also promised to support the Alliance. An immense petition is being circulated for signatures in Hanover against a reduction of the tariff on Austrian corn. The Dresden Nachrichten declares that the measures of the Government menacing the prosperity of the country are producing a widespread feeling of insecurity and awakening home-rule tendencies in the German States federated through Bismarck's statesmanship. The iron and coal protectionists join in the outcry. The Dortmund Mining Union recently requested Baron von Berlepsch, Minister of Commerce, to explain the official preference for foreign over German coal. Baron von Berlepsch replied by inviting Herr Krupp's manager and delegates from mining firms to hold a conference on the subject of foreign coal competition. The protection agitation is fast growing in potency and no corresponding efforts are being made in opposition to it.

ANOTHER REMEDY FOR TUBERCULOSIS.

ANOTHER REMEDY FOR TUBERCULOSIS.
Dr. Liebrich describes his remedy for Dr. Liebrich describes his remedy for tuberculosis as baving nothing in common with that of Professor Koch except that it is subcutaneously injected. Dr. Liebrich's remedy is not bacteriological but pharmelogical. It can be prepared by ordinary chemists at a price within reach of the poorest. It produces no febrile reaction and no risk is run in consequence of its use. It is claimed that it will aid in the cure of tuberceles in the larynx and lungs. The remedy has the approval of Professor Virchow, who is a great friend of Dr. Liebrich. The method of its production will be explained at a meeting of the Medical Society on Wednesday next.

THE TONGUE OF AN ANGET WOMAN.

A scandalous scone occurred at the bail recently given at the German Embassy in Vienna, During the height of the festivities at the Embassy the Princess of Reuss, wife of the German Ambassador, called aloud to M. Vacaresco, an attache of the Houmanian Legation and son of the Roumanian Minister, "I am astonished to see you here. You were not invited." M. Vacaresco explained that the invitation sent to the Embassy expressly covered all its members, but the Princess repeated, "You were not invited," adding with an angry gesture, "Go out." M. Vacaresco and his wife thereupon withdrew amid dead silence. Minister Vacaresco, upon hearing of what had occurred, announced that he would challenge the Prince of Reussfor the affront offered to his son. The wife of the German Ambassador at Vienna is reputed to be exfered to his son. The wife of the German Ambassador at Vienna is reputed to be ex-tremely arrogant and to have an exceed-ingly bitter temper. The incident at the ball may lead to the recall of her husband.

Disaster in the British Channel. By Angio-American cable to the Dispatch.]
London, February 21.—One of the Great
Eastern Railway Company's channel mail
steamers came into collision this morning
with the steamship Queen of the North
Sea. The latter sank soon after the collision. Seven of her crew were drowned, The "Grip" in Spain

fBy Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]
Manno, February 21.—Influenza, or the
grip," has appeared in this city with coniderable severity. Progress of Chile's Revolution.
[By Angio-American cable to the Dispatch.]

had a narrow escape from being captured. The insurgents have captured the steamer Cousino. Three regiments have been sent to protect Taona. The Government is sending fresh troops to recapture Pisagua. The latest news received from the rebel squadron is that the insurgent vessels are scattered along the coast, but that Valparaiso is not in a state of blockade.

OSMAN DIGNA, AGAIN. He Suffers a Disastrous Defeat at the

Hands of Egyptian Troops. [By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.] AFAFITE, EGYPT, via SUARIM, February German Gazette gave an authorized but doubtful denial of the report that the Ministerial Council had ever considered the question of prosecuting Prince Bismarck two authontic utterances on the attitude two authontic utterances on the attitude near Tokar and, after an exchange of shots between skirmishers of the enemy and the advance guard of the Egyptians, the latter pushed forward through the brushwood surrounding Tokar and its neighborhood in order to seize the old Government building, now little more than a tumble-ble-down ruin, but which forms a strategic point where a force of infantry could hold out against heavy odds. The dervishes, seeing the object of the Egyptians' advance in that direction, made a rush for the building and surrounded it with a compact mass of Arab riflemen, who poured a hot fire into the ranks of the advancing Egyptians. The latter, however, were not to be checked in their advance. Returning the Arabs' fire they advanced. were not to be checked in their advance. Returning the Arabs' fire they advanced. The Egyptians fixed bayonets when within easy distance of the enemy, and bravely charged upon the defenders of the old ruins. For over an hour a desperate hand-to-hand bayonet and spear and sword fight followed, during which the Egyptian troops fought with the most determined energy. The Egyptian cavalry made a brilliant charge on the dervishes, who retired in disorder, suffering a crushing defeat.

the dervisines numbered at least two thousand fighting men. About an equal force of Egyptians succeeded in reaching the shelter of the building before the Arabs surrounded it. After the retreat of the dervishes the troops found over seven hundred dead around the position mentioned, dred dead around the position mentioned, while large numbers of dead were lying in the bushes around the building. Nearly every Emir of importance who was present at the battle fell upon the field. Osman Digna did not take part in the fight, but watched its progress from a point of vantage near Afafite. After seeing that his faithful followers had suffered a disastrous defeat Osman Digna, accompanied by about thirty horsemen, fled towards Temrin. The Egyptians to-night bivouacked at Afafite and will advance on Temrin tomorrow. The losses upon the part of the Egyp

The losses upon the part of the losses upon the part of the losses upon the large wand twelve men killed and Captain Beech and four other Egyptian officers and forty-two men wounded. After leaving a force of troops wounded. After leaving a force of troops to garrison Tokar the Egyptian troops marched direct to Afafte and ascended the hills recently occupied by the enemy. Afafte was found to have been vacated, though there were hundreds of Arabs in the vicinity. These quietly surrendered to the Egyptians, handing over a number of banners, spears and rifles, and two guns. The Egyptians also captured large quantities of stores and ammunition.

THE AMERICAN COPYRIGHT. Zola's Caustic Utterances About American

Publishers and Book-Venders.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.] [By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

Pants, February 21.—In literary circles here, in Berlin, London, and elsewhere the greatest interest is taken in the American copyright struggle. Emile Zola when informed that the copyright bill had passed the United States Senate said in substance:

"I will not believe that the bill will pass both houses and become a law until I know that it is signed by the President. American publishers have been stealing American publishers have been stealing for so long a time and the American book vender has for so many years been feasing on stolen food that the conscience of both ore—but it will not cause me to swerve a noment from the path of duty."

Everybody present caught up the reference and his speech was greeted with a greated with a speech was greeted with a speech was are a practical race and so long as publishers can get their books gratis they will not put a barrier between themselves and these rich peaching-grounds. Finally, do not believe that the United States w e honest and respectable

three essays for a New York monthly maga COMMERCIAL TREATY WITH SPAIN

Discussed at a Meeting of the Spanish Cabtnet-Adoption Urged. (By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.) MADRID, February 21.—At a meeting held on Thursday last the Cabinet discussed Secretary Binine's proposed basis for a commercial treaty between the United States and Cuba. The Duke of Teetuan, Minister of Foreign Affairs, urged the adoption of the treaty on the ground of the great benefits which would accrue to Cuban sugar- and tobacco-planters. The other ministers, however, notably Señor Cos Gayon, Minister of Finance, energetically opposed the treaty, which, they contend, would flood Cuba with American goods and would ruin the Spanish exports of flour and other articles.

The Duke of Teetuan and Señor Cos Gayon hold daily conferences.

An Argentine Revolt

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]
PARIS, February 21.—Advices received by Pans, February 21.—Advices received the Gaubois from Buegos Ayres are to the effect that the Government troops have revolted in the province of Cordoba and have seized the Governor's palace. A state of siege has been declared through-Startling Arrests in Portugal, Startling Arrests in Portugal.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

Opearo, February 21.—General Silva, a retired army officer, has been suddenly arrested and taken to the fortress. Other arrests have followed, a number of persons suspected of being connected with the recent revolutionary movement being taken into custody.

A Greco-French Remark Touching Reciprocity.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.] Paris, France, February 21.—The Journal des Debats to-day expresses the hope, in the interest of Europeans generally, that Canada will not surrender to the United States, whose dream is to extend economic legemony to the two American continents.

taken into custody.

Brooklyn Life, "I am not exactly a landholder," observed Smith, as he seated himself in the dentist's chair, "still I possess an acher."
"Well, I have an attachment on it." declared the dentist as he completed the

Brooklyn Life. "That messenger-boy will be President of the United States some day." 'Never."
'Why not?" "He'll never run."

MARRIAGES. SCHUTTE—SPENCER.—Married, in Washington, D. C., February 10, 1891, Mr. R. ARCHIE SCHUTTE, of Richmond, Va., to Miss IDA SPENCER, of Charleston, W. Va., Rev. E. D. Bailey officiating.

ALLISON.—Died, at his residence, 2004 west Cary street, on February 21, 1891, WILLIAM B. ALLISON. Funeral from West-View Baptist church SUNDAY, February 22d, at 3:30 P. M. CARRINGTON,—Died, in Ashland, Wis, February 20th, ALICE REEVE MAYO, wife of G. W. Carrington and daughter of the late William P. Mayo. Funeral notice in Monday's State.

Funeral notice in Monday's State.

CASKIE.—Died, on the 21st instant, in this city, at the residence of her brother, Captain M. J. Digmmock, Mrs. ALICE CASKIE, wife of James A. Caskie, of Rappahannock county, Va., and daughter of the late General Charles Dimmock.

Her funeral services will be held at the Cathedral in this city on MONDAY at 10 o'clock A. M. NEWELL.—Died, in Prince George county. Va., Thursday, February 19, 1891, Mr. THEOPHILUS M. NEWELL, in his

sixty-third year.

Burial at Blandford cemetery, Petersburg, Va.. February 21st. PLEASANTS.—Died, Friday afternoon at his home, near the city, EDWIN C. PLEASANTS, in the eighty-seventh year

of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence at 3:30 o'clock THIS (Sunday) AFTERNOON. SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH corner Main and Sixth streets).—Rev. W. W. LANDRUM, D. D., paster, will peach at 11 A. M. 10

BOOK AND JOB WORK NEATLY

TERRIBLE MINE EXPLOSION.

Dend Bodies Taken Out-A Great Many Others Supposed Killed. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Total Destruction of a Convent.

New Tribe of Red Men.

SYRUPOFFIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when

Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant

and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the sys-

tem effectually, dispels colds, head-

aches and fevers and cures habitual

constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever pro-

duced, pleasing to the taste and ac-

ceptable to the stomach, prompt in

its action and truly beneficial in its

effects, prepared only from the most

healthy and agreeable substances, its

many excellent qualities commend it

and \$1 bottles by all leading drug-

gists. Any reliable druggist who

may not have it on hand will pro-

cure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

ja -Su, W(w)&Flotptcofrjg

FINANCIAL.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c

popular remedy known. --

substitute.

Spanso Hill. Coal-Mines, N. S., February 21.—An explosion took place in the west side of the east slope this afternoon. Already five dead bodies have been taken Prices for Money, Bonds, Stocks, Grain, Already five dead bodies have been taken out. A rescuing party is now putting up a brattice for the purpose of restoring ventilation in the mine. It is feered that a great many miners have been killed, but thus far it has been impossible to reach more than the bodies of the five. It is thought that fully thirty men and boys are still in the mine. Among the missing is Manager Swift, who has not been seen since the explosion. Tobacco, Cotton, &c., and in Connection Therewith the Westher Indications. (By telegraph to the Dispatch.) WASHINGTON, D. C., February 21.

FAIR Forecast for Virginia: Clearing during Sunday; colder, westerly winds; colder and fair Monday. For North Carolina: Clearing during By telegraph to the Dispatch.]
GALENA, ILL., February Zi.—A private elegram announces the total destruction by fire of the convent just completed at D'Neill, Neb., by the Dominican Order of Sunday; colder, southeasterly winds. THE WEATHER IN RICHMOND PROTERDAY

was cloudy and rainy throughout the day followed by heavy showers at night. Range of the thermometer at the front-New Tribe of Red Men.

The following officers were elected last night by Manataka Tribe, No. 83, I. O. R. M., which was instituted Thursday night by Deputy-Great Sachem R. W. Carter, assisted by Past-Great-Sachems C. E. Hill and C. S. Wells, and members of Annawon, Pamunkey, Indianola, and Pawnee tribes: Prophet, L. P. Yeaman; Sachem, J. J. Davis; Senior Sagamore, G. M. Rooker; Junior Sagamore, W. L. Hardwicke; Chief of Records, Thomas Sheppard; Keeper of Wampum, L. W. Guyer; Guard of Forest, J. J. Guyer; Guard of Wigwam, R. T. Mulen; First Warrior, M. D. Headley; Second Warrior, C. S. Taylor; Third Warrior, R. E. Snelling; Fourth Warrior, G. T. Pleasants; First Barave, W. O. Mallory; Second Brave, C. R. Turner; Third Brave, A. A. Livasay; Fourth Brave, Thomas Boaze; First Sannap, R. E. Kritzer; Second Sannap, J. E. Richwine; First Powwow, F. R. Holland; Second Powwow, C. Snell; Keeper of the Wigwam, J. O. Fox. door of the Dispaich office yesterday:

MARKET QUOTATIONS

REPORTS FROM ALL GREAT BUSINESS

CENTRES OF THE WORLD

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. NEW YORK, February 21 .- There was no expectation of anything more than a dull and list-less market this morning, and no one was disappointed, many brokers failing to put in an appearance, and the floor for a long time presented a descried appearance, while the trad was strictly in accordance.

THE INCLINATION BULLISH. THE INCLINATION BULLIAM.

The room was inclined to the built side for the most part, but just before the bank statement appeared there was shown a disposition to discount an unfavorable showing, and the final dealings were marked by a weaker tone. Mobile and Ohio was prorinent among low-priced shares, advancing from 30½ to 39. On the other band, Sasquehama stocks were sharply depressed, common falling from 10½ to 3 and preferred from 37 to 31½, though a partial recovery took piace later.

THE CLOSE HEAVY. The market was totally devoid of other fea-ture and the close was rather heavy at insignifi-cant changes for the day. Mobile and Ohio is up 13, but Susquehanna and Western preferred is off 33, and common 13. Bales—Listed, 34,000 shares; unlisted, 3,000.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE. Evening.—Exchange quiet and steady at 4864 4884. Commercial bills, 854 a579. Money easy no loans; closing offered at 3. Sub-Treasury bail ances—coin. \$151.818.65; currency. \$8,318.004. Governments dull but steady; 4 per cents, 120%; 144's, 103. State bonds entirely neglected. STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Cennesses 5's... lock Island to all and have made it the most Coal and Iron. Inton Pacifi iver certificates (Western National Bank New York certificates issued on deposit of

> THE BANK STATEMENT, NEW YORK, February 21.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, \$2.119.575; loans, decrease, \$1.558,000; specie, decrease, \$4.765,500 logal-tonders, increase, \$758,100; deposits, decrease, \$2.354,900; circulation, increase, \$5.900.
>
> The banks new hold \$15,333,025 in excess of the

MINING ON BUSINESS PAYS Use judgment in this as in other husiness, and success is sure. Write me and I will show you a SAFE investment, large or small, that will pay rou a LARGE profit. Twenty years' mining experience. Best hank references. R. H. BUCK, 18 Tabor Block, DENVER, COLO. Correspondence also invited from Bankers, Brokers, and there who would act as agents on liberat compission. RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE SATURDAY, February 21, 1891. Closing quotations at the Stock Board: GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. B64

STATE SECURITIES. North Carolina 4's ... North Carolina 6's. Virginia cousoi coupons, non-fund-CITY SECURITIES. Richmond city 8's... Richmond city 5's, 1890-'95. 109
Richmond city 5's, 1921 and later . . 103
Richmond city 4's (1921) 95

RAILBOAD STOCKS.

Petersburg 100 R., F., & Pot. div. obligation 100

Miscellaneous, West-End Land & Imp's, Co. 25 American Tobacco Company...

WHEAT,-1,268 bushels,

Coan.—1,450 bushels. OATS.—1,140 bushels.

65c. HYB. -80a85c.

Market steady.

MIDDLING, 9c. Low MIDDLING, 8Mc. Good Ordinary, 8c.

GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE.

OFFERINGS.

BALES

QUOTATIONS QUOTATIONS.
WHRAT.—Longberry, Slasi, 10. Mixed, 90.a \$1.03. Shortberry, 85c.a51.08.
CORK.—White, 55c. Mixed, 61a65c.
OATE.—White, No. 2, 54a55c. Mixed, No. 2, 52a55c. Rejected, 40a48c. Winter (for seed), 60a

COTTON

QUOTATIONS.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE

MINIATURE ALMANAC, FEBRUARY 22, 1991, Sun rises 6:52 | High Tips. Sun sets 6:56 | Morning 4:08 | Moon sets 6:38 | Evening 4:21

MINIATURE ALMANAC, FEBRUARY 23, 1861.

PORT OF RICHMOND, FREEGARY 21, 1891.

(By Telegraph.)

Steamship Enchantress, Liverpool, merchan-

Steamship Darwin (20th), Liverpool, merchanconer Grace Seymour, Providence, coal,

FEBRUARY 21, 1891.

Railhoad Bonds.

Atlanta and Charlotte 1st 7's....

A. & C. guaranteed interest 6's.
Char., Col. and Augusta 1st 7's...
Chat., Col. and Augusta 2t 7's...
Chat., Col. and Augusta 2t 7's...
Colum. and Greenville 1st 6's...
Colum. and Greenville 3d 6's...
Georgia Pacific 1st 6's... We have the above amounts to loan on GOOD RICHMOND REAL ESTATE. Come at once if you want money. FRANK D. HILL & CO., fo 22-21 Real Estate Brokers. \$5,000 TO LOAN ON CITY Charges moderate.

H. SELDON TAYLOR & SON,

Real Estate Broker.

12 PER MONTH SECURES ONE LOT IN EAST RICHMOND AND 12 SHARES OF STOCK. Par value of shares \$25. Payments not expected to continue longer Secretary and Treasurer, 201 east Main street. Virginia Midland general mortgage fe 14-tMh13 Virginia Midland general mortgage FIVE PERCENT, INTEREST PAID 6's, guaranteed 89
Western North Carolina lat6's, C.,
guaranteed 99
Western North Carolina 1st 6's, C.,
1914

ON DEPOSITS OF ONE DOLLAR OR MORE by the PERPETUAL INVESTMENT, CONSTRUCTION AND DEPOSIT COMPANY, 901 east Main street.

DAVID W. REINHART, Secretary and Treasurer. Secretary and Treasurer. John L. Williams & Son, BANKERS, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

HIGH GRADE INVESTMENT BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD. LOANS NEGOTIATED FOR MUNICIPAL AND RAILROAD CORPORATIONS. BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND

issued on all the principal Cities of EUROPE, and on ASIA, AFRICA and SOUTH AMERICA. lative and marginal accounts are not desired. Our MANUAL OF INVESTMENTS, the largest work of the sind published by any lianking House in America (am pp. seo, may be obtained by client upon application without charge. The most elaborate and hundroment and most useful work teating upon Southern properties which ever came to noise,—BOSTON TREALD. "It has no equal in this country,—RICHMOND DISPATCH.

LETTERS OF CREDIT

THOMAS BRANCH & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS. We have sold a large amount of the city bonds

recently advertised, and now offer the balance as follows: \$165,000 CITY OF RICHMOND 4 PER CENT. BONDS, thirty-four years to run, interest January and July, at 100 and socrued interest. We will supply investors in the order of their

ARRIVED.

Steamer Ariel, Deyo, Norfolk, merchandise and passengers; L. B. Tatum, vice-president. Steamer Goldsboro', O'Nell, Philadelphia merchandise and passengers; J. W. McCarriet. We will supply investors in the order of their applications.
We will sell them for cash, or will take in payment any bonds or stecks selling on this or morthern stock exchanges, for which we will allow full market value, without any charge for commission. Those bonds are issued by the city in exchange for existing debt. The corporate property of this city, including the gra-works and water-works, is worth more than the total indebtedness of the city. This fact, as well as the conservative management of the city finances and prempt payment of all its obligations, accounts for the high credit the city has enjoyed. Investors will de well to apply as once.

THOMAS BRANCH & CO.,
Financial Agents for the City of Richmond. fo 12-Th&Sud&wg. PORT OF NEWPORT NEWS, FEBRUARY 21, 1881. Steamship Queen Margaret, West Point, to load grain.
Steamship Wyanoke, Richmond, and sailed for New York, merchandise.
Barge Rondou, New York, to load coal.

NVEST YOUR SAVINGS .- Before INVEST YOUR SAVINGS.—Eefore depositing any more money in the Savings Bank where you get only 4 per cent, call on us or write for full information as to how you can invest in small amounts and get not only 6 per cent, on your money, but a share is the profits also, which will undoubtedly realize 100 per cent, profit in nost five years. Our investments offer a fixed income, large profits, and bast of all, ABSOLUTE ERCURITY, based on Richmond (Va.) city property. Over \$2,000,000 net profits paid to investors in seven years by a similar compasty; 6 per cent, paid similannually on investments of \$5 a month and over. No safer larestment possible.

THE SOUTHERIN LOAD & INVESTMENT CO.,

M. WINTER, General Manager, 1201 Main street, lickmond, va.

PORT OF WEST POINT, PERSUART 21, 1891. Steamship City of Atlanta, Dale, New York, nerotandisa.

Steamship Charlotte, Nickle, Baltin

hip City of Atlants, Dole, New York,